

Local Autonomy Implementation and Effect Under the New County System in the City of Chongqing in the 1940's

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Abstract: The city of Chongqing, capital of China during the Anti-Japanese War, where the new county system originates, has advantages over other places in the study and formulation of the detailed decrees and guidance and supervision of their enforcement, and has a trial of grass-root election. Although the elected "popular institutions" expresses the cry of the masses to a certain extent, they fail to realize direct election by the people, and consequently, fail to avoid corruption in election and fund-raising.

Key words: the 1940's; the city of Chongqing; new county system; local autonomy

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● 书 讯

徐湘霖副教授《中论校注》出版

四川师范大学文学院副教授徐湘霖著《中论校注》，已于2000年7月由巴蜀书社出版，全书20余万字。

徐幹的《中论》，对于古文化有一种自觉的继承意识。这种继承不仅是从先秦文化典籍中去发掘，也不仅仅是对孔子、孟子、荀子学说的引经据典或照搬理论，更重要的是对先哲、圣贤、历史人物的言行进行研究和提升，从中发掘出有价值的、具有实践指导意义的思想，这对于一个思想家思想的形成则更具有理论上的意义。徐幹所提出的“中”道观就是他在继承孔、孟、荀思想的核心精华的同时又加以生发的东西，并用此指导实践，下教流俗，纠正时弊。但自《中论》传世以来，竟一直无注。《中论校注》引书数百余种，不仅对徐幹“中论”思想有系统论述，并对现存卷帙进行整理、校补与考订，校勘精审，注释详尽。卷末辑录历代对徐幹思想的评价及徐幹佚诗数首，亦有较高的学术研究价值。诚如龙晦先生《序》所言：“余观其书可得而言者约有二端。一曰训诂精审，出入载籍，抉出原文真实面目……二曰学术上能讨源辨章。”

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